The Three Main Aspects of the Path By Je Tsongkhapa

English translation by Geshe Tenzin Losel Translation © Graham Woodhouse

Homage to the most venerable teachers.

- 1. Of all the Conquerors' sacred spoken word,
 The meaning's very essence: it's the path
 The noble Conquerors' Children do commend,
 The entrance for those with the fortune to
 Be eager for deliverance: of this,
 As much as I am able, I will speak.
- 2. The fortunate who've no attachment for
 The pleasures of existence and who too,
 In striving with great effort so to make
 The freedoms and enrichments meaningful,
 Trust to the path that gives the Conquerors joy,
 Lend your attention please, with lucid minds.
- 3. If pure renunciation's lacking, then
 No way to pacify the questing for
 The ocean of existence' pleasure-fruits.
 And craving for existence, that's what keeps
 Embodied beings continually chained;
 So then seek out renunciation first.
- 4. The freedoms and enrichments—hard to find;
 Life has no time to spare: mind thus imbued,
 Attraction to this life will be reversed.
 Think constantly how karma never fails
 And on samsara's sufferings and then
 Attraction to the next will be reversed.
- 5. If when you have familiarized this way,
 No admiration for the glories of
 Samsara even for a moment comes
 And if both day and night the mind intent

- On liberation manifests, why then Renunciation has been brought about.
- 6. Yet if renunciation's not sustained
 By pure mind generation, it will not
 Become a cause of the most marvellous
 Delights of unsurpassed enlightenment.
 So then the sensible will generate
 The mind supreme set on enlightenment.
- 7. Four raging river torrents sweeping on;¹
 Tight bonds of karma binding, hard to break;
 Constrained all round within the confines of
 The iron cage of grasping at a self;
 Enveloped altogether by the dark,
 The comprehensive gloom, of ignorance,
- 8. Within existence limitless, being born,
 And in those births, unbroken in their flow,
 The torments of the threefold sufferings:
 Revolving in the mind the way it is
 For mother beings who've come to such a state,
 Give rise to that most excellent of minds.
- 9. If lacking wisdom knowing how things are,
 Despite renunciation and the mind
 Set on enlightenment being well aroused,
 No way to cut existence at the root;
 In that case, therefore, strive to realize
 The means, dependent relativity.
- 10. Whoever see as never fallible
 Causality of all phenomena,
 Those that are of samsara or beyond;
 For whom besides, all focal reference points
 Have dropped away, those ones have entered on
 The path which fills the Buddhas with delight.
- 11. The understanding of appearances,Of relativity infallible,The understanding too of emptiness,Within which there is nothing to assert—

While ever these two seem to be distinct, The Buddha's thought is still not realized.

- 12. When they are free of alternation and
 As one in concert, if from seeing just
 That relativity's infallible,
 There is assurance altogether that
 All ways of taking objects have been stopped,
 The view has then been fully analyzed.
- 13. And furthermore, appearances exclude
 Th' extreme of being, while emptiness excludes
 Th' extreme of non-being² and, if it is known
 How emptiness becomes apparent in
 The process of causality, the views
 Adhering to extremes won't captivate.
- 14. When in this fashion you have understood Exactly as they are the key points of The principal three aspects of the path, Resort to solitude and generate The force of joyous effort. With all speed, Make good your long-held aspiration, child.

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However, in his Medium-length Exposition of the Stages of the Path to Enlightenment Tsongkhapa says:

You are released from all extremes of existence through the absence of inherent existence and you are released from all extremes of non-existence through being able to posit, with respect to that, causes and effects that do not inherently exist. Translation by Jeffrey Hopkins, p. 94, *Tsongkhapa's Final Exposition of Wisdom*.

¹ In terms of true origins: *'khor ba'i chu bo bzhi*, desire, existence [*srid pa*], views, ignorance: I.e, desire realm afflictions, afflictions of the two higher realms [form and formless realms], afflicted views [of all realms], afflicted ignorance [of all realms]. One could theoretically avoid overlap here by restricting desire to the desire realm afflictions other than views and ignorance and by restricting existence to the higher realm afflictions other than views and ignorance. The dictionaries are not clear on this point. In terms of true sufferings: birth, ageing, sickness, death.

² From his translation of these verses, Jeffrey Hopkins' gloss on the way Tsongkhapa sees the two extremes are excluded here:

The extreme of [inherent] existence is excluded by [knowledge of the nature of] appearances [existing only as nominal designations], The extreme of [total] non-existence is excluded by [knowledge of the nature of] emptiness [as the absence of inherent existence and not the absence of nominal existence].